

PLANTS TO READ ABOUT

Pilea Glauca: tiny silvery leaves on red-brown trailing stems

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AI-created small Pilea Glauca in a bright hanging position based on the original. Reference: offered 12 cm hanging pot; no fixed delivery height or shoot length stated. Support and room decoration are styling examples.

Grow with knowledge.

A collection for observation and reference. Detailed explanations to help you make care decisions suited to your plant and its position.

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PLANT PORTRAIT

Pilea “Glauca” (trade name)

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Botanical name	Pilea “Glauca” (trade name)
Delivery size	12 cm hanging pot · height and shoot length not stated
Family	Urticaceae, nettle family
Foliage	Tiny rounded silvery-green leaves
Shoots	Finely branched, red-brown and trailing
Life form	Perennial evergreen houseplant in suitable warm cultivation
Delivery measurements	No specific plant height or shoot length stated
Position	Bright with indirect light, protected from cold draughts
Decorative effect	Dense foliage cushion and trailing runners
Propagation	Healthy shoot cuttings during active growth

Care at a glance

Observe, check and adapt care to the position and season. This table provides guidance for everyday practice.

Topic	What to do	Why it helps
Position	Hang in bright indirect daylight protected from hot window sun.	Enough light keeps fine shoots denser; intense sun can stress small foliage.
Watering	After top soil dries, check ball and pot weight, then water evenly.	The small pot must neither dry completely for long nor remain constantly wet.
Drainage	Take the basket down to water, drain and remove residual water.	Excess hidden in a decorative container keeps roots too wet.
Room climate	Keep warm without cold draughts or direct heating air.	Delicate thin leaves appreciate somewhat higher air humidity and a calm place.
Compost and pot	Use loose peat-free houseplant compost and pot only slightly larger when roots are crowded.	A suitable amount stays better aerated than an oversized wet pot.
Feeding	Feed moderately during active growth according to suitable liquid fertiliser label.	Pre-fed compost and slower winter development reduce additional demand.
Shoot care	During growth gently shorten individual long bare tips where needed.	Targeted corrections encourage density without removing the whole cushion.
Checks	Regularly inspect undersides, shoot nodes and moist plant centre.	Pests or soft dead shoots appear early before dense leaves hide larger problems.

Knowledge that grows

A silvery cushion grows over the rim

Close up *Glaucia* looks like a small mesh. Many tiny rounded leaves sit on thin red-brown shoots which branch and drape over the pot edge. Their silvery-green surface looks cooler or slightly greener in soft daylight. The original shows a compact dense beginning with individual longer runners. It is neither a huge curtain nor a rigid spherical bush. Loose tips provide its charm. From a bright hanging place you can follow its structure from below. Leave fine shoots free rather than trapping them behind furniture or drawing them through a tight support.

Glaucia remains an understandable trade name

The offered plant is called *Pilea glauca*, in German *Blaue Kanonierblume*. *Glaucia* is used here as a trade name; a definitive botanical species assignment is not secure for this offer. RHS describes a similar silver-leaved trailing *Pilea* as *glaucophylla*. That designation is also classified differently botanically. The clear practical starting point remains documented foliage: tiny silvery-green leaves on fine reddish shoots. *Pilea* belongs to the nettle family and includes very differently looking houseplants. *Pilea peperomioides* has large coin leaves and Moon Valley coarsely convex foliage. Fine structure and hanging cultivation matter for *Glaucia*.

Unpack the small basket gently

The own short description gives a twelve-centimetre hanging pot. No specific plant height or shoot length is stated. The long hanger in the photograph is not a plant measurement. Hold the basket by its container or stable hanger while gently releasing packaging from foliage. Trailing tips must not get under the pot bottom. Afterwards check compost and drainage. A still-moist plant does not automatically need more water after transport. Extra supports and room decoration in the styled scene are examples. The existing growing pot can initially stay while roots have enough space.

A hanging plant also needs accessible light

A bright place near a suitable window lets small leaves grow well. Indirect daylight suits it better than hot unfiltered summer sun behind glass. Do not hang so high that foliage sits in dark room space above the window edge. A thick curtain can greatly reduce brightness too. A side-lit place at eye level combines light and easy watering access. Cold ventilation air should not blow directly through shoots. Distance from a radiator keeps foliage out of the hottest dry air. A bright bathroom may suit it, but humidity does not replace missing daylight.

Supply the root ball without soaking the centre

When top soil begins drying, also check pot weight and moisture below. Water slowly and evenly where needed. Gently hold the dense cushion aside so water reaches soil rather than constantly sitting between leaves. If possible take the basket down and afterwards drain excess. A hidden decorative-container reserve would be unfavourable. The small ball should neither always be wet nor completely dry out for a long period. In bright warmth it may use water faster than expected. A fixed weekly date reflects these differences poorly.

Accompany branching and try cuttings

When roots genuinely become crowded provide slightly more space and loose peat-free houseplant compost in spring or summer. Support the ball without pulling fine shoots. Moderate suitable feeding during active growth follows the label, considering fresh pre-fed compost. Long thinly leaved tips can be shortened with clean tools where needed. Healthy shoot sections suit a cutting attempt in freely draining compost under warm bright conditions and suitable humidity. A separate dense plant takes time. A cut single leaf does not replace a suitable shoot cutting. Do not heavily shorten and unnecessarily repot the mother simultaneously.

Keep accompanying the small cushion carefully in winter

Glauca remains bright and warm in winter. With less light it often grows more slowly and soil takes longer to dry. Continue checking supply and adapt additional nutrients to actual growth. Thin leaves appreciate somewhat higher humidity; a suitable room or humidifier can help. Brief misting does not permanently create a different climate. In a display case light and air exchange must be right because dense foliage wet for long encourages mould. Gently remove soft dead shoots and inspect leaf undersides for small animals. With yellow or wilted leaves first assess ball, light and airflow together. Fresh healthy tips best show whether conditions suit it again.

Pictures and details

Images and descriptions from this portrait. Decorative items are not included in the offer.



AI-created enlarged leaf and shoot detail based on the clean original. No scale for the delivered plant.



Unchanged original of the offer in a 12 cm hanging pot. Plant height and shoot length not specifically stated.

Good to know

How large is the offered basket?

The short description gives a 12 cm hanging pot. Plant height and shoot length are not specifically stated; the hanger does not count as plant height.

Is *Glaucia* a secure botanical species name?

For this offer *Glaucia* is used as a documented trade name. No certain assignment to a particular wild species is inferred.

Are the tiny leaves comparable with *Pilea peperomioides*?

They are different appearances. *Pilea peperomioides* has large coin leaves; *Glaucia* many tiny leaves on hanging shoots.

Can it hang high in a dark room?

That would be unfavourable. Upper foliage also needs bright indirect light; a high hook alone offers no suitable position.

When is water needed?

When top soil has dried and checks show a lighter less-moist ball. Supply thoroughly and drain well.

Does it absolutely need a terrarium?

No. A bright warm place with suitable humidity can suffice. In a display case also consider air exchange and mould checks.

Can I cut long bare tips?

Gently shorten during growth if needed. Healthy shoot sections can be cuttings; leave sufficient green foliage on the mother.

Why is dense foliage soft inside?

Check prolonged wet soil and foliage moisture. Remove dead shoots, improve drainage and air exchange, then supply the ball according to need.

The matching offer

[Plant in the shop](#)

Product and delivery details are given in the individual offer.

[Read the complete portrait in English](#)



English portrait



Shop offer